

**Properties of Water**

$$\rho = 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\mu = 10^{-3} \text{ Pa s}$$

$$\gamma = 72.9 \text{ mN/m (air interface)}$$

**Properties of Air at 27°C and 100 kPa**

$$\rho = 1.18 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\mu = 1.86 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Pa s}$$

**Equations**

$$\mathbf{w} = \nabla \times \mathbf{v}$$

$$v_x = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} \quad v_y = -\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x}$$

$$v_r = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \theta} \quad v_\theta = -\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial r}$$

$$\frac{Df}{Dt} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} + \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla f$$

$$\mathbf{a} = \frac{D\mathbf{v}}{Dt}$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v}) = 0$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{v} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{L} \frac{dL}{dt} = \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{\Gamma} \cdot \mathbf{p}$$

$$\mathbf{\Gamma} = \frac{1}{2} [\nabla \mathbf{v} + (\nabla \mathbf{v})^T]$$

$$\mathbf{F} = A \mathbf{n} \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma}$$

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma} = -\delta P \mathbf{I} + \boldsymbol{\tau}$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \int_S \mathbf{n} \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma} dS$$

$$\mathbf{F}_D = - \int_S \mathbf{e}_z \cdot \mathbf{n} P dS + \int_S \mathbf{n} \cdot \boldsymbol{\tau} \cdot \mathbf{e}_z dS$$

$$\boldsymbol{\tau} = 2\mu \mathbf{\Gamma}$$

**Unit Conversions & Constants**

$$1 \text{ m} = 3.2808 \text{ ft}$$

$$1 \text{ kPa} = 0.1450 \text{ psi}$$

$$1 \text{ atm} = 101.3 \text{ kPa} = 14.7 \text{ psi}$$

$$1 \text{ kg} = 2.2056 \text{ lbm}$$

$$1 \text{ slug} = 32.174 \text{ lbm}$$

$$1 \text{ lbf} = 4.448 \text{ N} = 1 \text{ slug} \cdot \text{ft/s}^2$$

$$g = 9.807 \text{ m/s}^2 = 32.17 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$\boldsymbol{\tau} = \mu [\nabla \mathbf{v} + (\nabla \mathbf{v})^T]$$

$$f = \frac{2\tau_w}{\rho U^2}$$

$$C_D = \frac{2F_D/A_\perp}{\rho U^2}$$

$$U = \frac{1}{A} \int v_z dA$$

$$\dot{m} = \rho U A = \rho \mathbf{v} \cdot (-\mathbf{n} A)$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{p}} = \rho \mathbf{v} \mathbf{v} \cdot (-\mathbf{n} A)$$

$$\tau_{rz} = m \left( \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial r} \right)^n$$

$$\text{Re}_{\text{PL}} = \frac{8\rho U^{2-n} D^n}{m \left[ \frac{2(3n+1)}{n} \right]^n}$$

$$\rho \frac{D\mathbf{v}}{Dt} = \rho \mathbf{g} + \nabla \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma}$$

$$\rho \frac{D\mathbf{v}}{Dt} = \rho \mathbf{g} - \nabla P + \mu \nabla^2 \mathbf{v}$$

$$\nabla \mathcal{P} = \nabla P - \rho \mathbf{g}$$

$$0 = -\nabla \mathcal{P} + \mu \nabla^2 \mathbf{v}$$

$$\rho \frac{D\mathbf{v}}{Dt} = -\nabla \mathcal{P}$$

$$\mathbf{v} = \nabla \phi$$

$$\nabla^2 \phi = 0$$

$$v_x \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial x} + v_y \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial y} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial x} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 v_x}{\partial y^2}$$

$$v_x(x, y) = U \left[ \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{y}{\delta(x)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{y}{\delta(x)} \right)^3 \right]$$

$$\delta(x) = \sqrt{\frac{840}{39} \frac{\nu x}{U}}$$

$$\rho \frac{D\langle \mathbf{v} \rangle}{Dt} = -\nabla \langle P \rangle + \mu \nabla^2 \langle \mathbf{v} \rangle + \nabla \cdot \boldsymbol{\tau}^*$$

$$\boldsymbol{\tau}^* = -\rho \langle \mathbf{u} \mathbf{u} \rangle$$

$$\tau_{xy}^* = \rho \epsilon \frac{\partial \langle v_x \rangle}{\partial y}$$

$$\nabla^2 P = -\nabla \cdot (\mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla \mathbf{v})$$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = \frac{f_{i+1} - f_i}{\Delta x}$$

$$\frac{d^2 f}{dx^2} = \frac{f_{i+1} - 2f_i + f_{i-1}}{(\Delta x)^2}$$

### Expanded Vector Equations

Cartesian Coordinates

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(\rho v_x) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(\rho v_y) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(\rho v_z) = 0$$

$$\rho \left[ \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial t} + v_x \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial x} + v_y \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial y} + v_z \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial z} \right] = -\frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial x} + \mu \left[ \frac{\partial^2 v_x}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v_x}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v_x}{\partial z^2} \right]$$

$$\rho \left[ \frac{\partial v_y}{\partial t} + v_x \frac{\partial v_y}{\partial x} + v_y \frac{\partial v_y}{\partial y} + v_z \frac{\partial v_y}{\partial z} \right] = -\frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial y} + \mu \left[ \frac{\partial^2 v_y}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v_y}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v_y}{\partial z^2} \right]$$

$$\rho \left[ \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial t} + v_x \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial x} + v_y \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial y} + v_z \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial z} \right] = -\frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial z} + \mu \left[ \frac{\partial^2 v_z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v_z}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v_z}{\partial z^2} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_{xx} = \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial x}, \quad \Gamma_{yy} = \frac{\partial v_y}{\partial y}, \quad \Gamma_{zz} = \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial z}$$

$$\Gamma_{xy} = \Gamma_{yx} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v_y}{\partial x} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_{yz} = \Gamma_{zy} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\partial v_y}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial y} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_{zx} = \Gamma_{xz} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial z} \right]$$

$$\tau_{xx} = 2\mu \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial x}, \quad \tau_{yy} = 2\mu \frac{\partial v_y}{\partial y}, \quad \tau_{zz} = 2\mu \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial z}$$

$$\tau_{xy} = \tau_{yx} = \mu \left[ \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v_y}{\partial x} \right]$$

$$\tau_{yz} = \tau_{zy} = \mu \left[ \frac{\partial v_y}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial y} \right]$$

$$\tau_{zx} = \tau_{xz} = \mu \left[ \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial z} \right]$$

Cylindrical Coordinates

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r}(r \rho v_r) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}(\rho v_\theta) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(\rho v_z) = 0$$

$$\rho \left[ \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial t} + v_r \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial r} + \frac{v_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} - \frac{v_\theta^2}{r} + v_z \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial z} \right] = -\frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial r} + \mu \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r}(r v_r) \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 v_r}{\partial \theta^2} - \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial^2 v_r}{\partial z^2} \right]$$

$$\rho \left[ \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial t} + v_r \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial r} + \frac{v_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{v_r v_\theta}{r} + v_z \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial z} \right] = -\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial \theta} + \mu \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r}(r v_\theta) \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 v_\theta}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial^2 v_\theta}{\partial z^2} \right]$$

$$\rho \left[ \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial t} + v_r \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial r} + \frac{v_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial \theta} + v_z \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial z} \right] = -\frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial z} + \mu \left[ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 v_z}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v_z}{\partial z^2} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Gamma_{rr} &= \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial r}, \quad \Gamma_{\theta\theta} = \left[ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{v_r}{r} \right], \quad \Gamma_{zz} = \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial z} & \tau_{rr} &= 2\mu \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial r}, \quad \tau_{\theta\theta} = 2\mu \left[ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{v_r}{r} \right], \quad \tau_{zz} = 2\mu \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial z} \\
\Gamma_{r\theta} &= \Gamma_{\theta r} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( \frac{v_\theta}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} \right] & \tau_{r\theta} &= \tau_{\theta r} = \mu \left[ r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( \frac{v_\theta}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} \right] \\
\Gamma_{\theta z} &= \Gamma_{z\theta} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial z} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial \theta} \right] & \tau_{\theta z} &= \tau_{z\theta} = \mu \left[ \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial z} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial \theta} \right] \\
\Gamma_{zr} &= \Gamma_{rz} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial z} \right] & \tau_{zr} &= \tau_{rz} = \mu \left[ \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial z} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Spherical Coordinates

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 \rho v_r) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\rho v_\theta \sin \theta) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (\rho v_\phi) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\rho \left[ \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial t} + v_r \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial r} + \frac{v_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} - \frac{v_\theta^2}{r} + \frac{v_\phi}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \phi} - \frac{v_\theta^2 + v_\phi^2}{r} \right] &= \\
&\quad - \frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial r} + \mu \left[ \nabla^2 v_r - \frac{2}{r^2} v_r - \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial \theta} - \frac{2}{r^2} v_\theta \cot \theta - \frac{2}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_\phi}{\partial \phi} \right] \\
\rho \left[ \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial t} + v_r \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial r} + \frac{v_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{v_\phi}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial \phi} + \frac{v_r v_\theta}{r} - \frac{v_\phi^2 \cot \theta}{r} \right] &= \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial \theta} + \mu \left[ \nabla^2 v_\theta + \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} - \frac{v_\theta}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} - \frac{2 \cos \theta}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial v_\phi}{\partial \phi} \right] \\
\rho \left[ \frac{\partial v_\phi}{\partial t} + v_r \frac{\partial v_\phi}{\partial r} + \frac{v_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial v_\phi}{\partial \theta} + \frac{v_\phi}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_\phi}{\partial \phi} + \frac{v_\phi v_r}{r} + \frac{v_\theta v_\phi \cot \theta}{r} \right] &= \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial \phi} + \mu \left[ \nabla^2 v_\phi - \frac{v_\phi}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} + \frac{2}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \phi} + \frac{2 \cos \theta}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial \phi} \right] \\
\nabla^2 &= \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \sin \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Gamma_{rr} &= \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial r} & \tau_{rr} &= 2\mu \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial r} \\
\Gamma_{\theta\theta} &= \left[ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{v_r}{r} \right] & \tau_{\theta\theta} &= 2\mu \left[ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{v_r}{r} \right] \\
\Gamma_{\phi\phi} &= \left[ \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_\phi}{\partial \phi} + \frac{v_r}{r} + \frac{v_\theta \cot \theta}{r} \right] & \tau_{\phi\phi} &= 2\mu \left[ \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_\phi}{\partial \phi} + \frac{v_r}{r} + \frac{v_\theta \cot \theta}{r} \right] \\
\Gamma_{r\theta} &= \Gamma_{\theta r} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( \frac{v_\theta}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} \right] & \tau_{r\theta} &= \tau_{\theta r} = \mu \left[ r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( \frac{v_\theta}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial \theta} \right] \\
\Gamma_{\theta\phi} &= \Gamma_{\phi\theta} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\sin \theta}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \frac{v_\phi}{\sin \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial \phi} \right] & \tau_{\theta\phi} &= \tau_{\phi\theta} = \mu \left[ \frac{\sin \theta}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \frac{v_\phi}{\sin \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial \phi} \right] \\
\Gamma_{\phi r} &= \Gamma_{r\phi} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial z} \right] & \tau_{\phi r} &= \tau_{r\phi} = \mu \left[ \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial v_r}{\partial z} \right]
\end{aligned}$$